programs, expand current programs, or partner with registered apprenticeship programs, to address the workforce needs of the telecommunications industry, including such needs in rural areas; and

"(6) identify ways to improve the safety of telecommunications workers, including tower climbers.

"(d) Members.—The telecommunications interagency working group shall be composed of the following representatives of Federal agencies and relevant non-Federal industry and labor stakeholder organizations:

"(1) A representative of the Department of Education, appointed by the Secretary of Education.

"(2) A representative of the National Telecommunications and Information Administration, appointed by the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information.

"(3) A representative of the Commission, appointed by the Chairman of the Commission.

"(4) A representative of a registered apprenticeship program in construction or maintenance, appointed by the Secretary of Labor.

"(5) A representative of a telecommunications industry association, appointed by the Chairman of the Commission.

"(6) A representative of an Indian Tribe or Tribal organization, appointed by the Chairman of the Commission.

"(7) A representative of a rural telecommunications carrier, appointed by the Chairman of the Commission.

"(8) A representative of a telecommunications contractor firm, appointed by the Chairman of the Commission.

"(9) A representative of a minority-serving institution (defined as an institution of higher education described in section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a))), appointed by the Secretary of Education

"(10) A public interest advocate for tower climber safety, appointed by the Secretary of Labor

"(11) A representative of the Directorate of Construction of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration, appointed by the Secretary of Labor.

"(12) A representative of a labor organization representing the telecommunications workforce, appointed by the Secretary of Labor.

"(e) No Compensation.—A member of the telecommunications interagency working group shall serve without compensation.

"(f) OTHER MATTERS.—

"(1) CHAIR AND VICE CHAIR.—The telecommunications interagency working group shall name a chair and a vice chair, who shall be responsible for organizing the business of the working group.

"(2) SUBGROUPS.—The chair and vice chair of the telecommunications interagency working group, in consultation with the other members of the telecommunications interagency working group, may establish such subgroups as necessary to help conduct the work of the telecommunications interagency working group.

"(3) SUPPORT.—The Commission and the Secretary of Labor may detail employees of the Commission and the Department of Labor, respectively, to assist and support the work of the telecommunications interagency working group, though such a detailee shall not be considered to be a member of the working group.

"(g) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—

"(1) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the telecommunications interagency working group is established, the working group shall submit a report containing its recommendations to address the workforce needs of the telecommunications industry to—

"(A) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate;

"(B) the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate;

Labor, and Pensions of the Senate; "(C) the Committee on Energy and Com-

"(D) the Committee on Education and Labor of the House of Representatives:

"(E) the Department of Labor; and

merce of the House of Representatives;

"(F) the Commission.

"(2) MAJORITY SUPPORT.—The telecommunications interagency working group may not submit the report under paragraph (1) unless the report has the support of not less than the majority of the members of the working group.

"(3) VIEWS.—The telecommunications interagency working group shall—

"(A) include with the report submitted under paragraph (1) any concurring or dissenting view offered by a member of the working group; and

"(B) identify each member to whom each concurring or dissenting view described in subparagraph (A) should be attributed.

"(4) PUBLIC POSTING.—The Commission and the Secretary of Labor shall make a copy of the report submitted under paragraph (1) available to the public on the websites of the Commission and the Department of Labor, respectively.

"(h) NONAPPLICABILITY OF FACA.—The Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C. App.) shall not apply to the telecommunications interagency working group."

(b) SUNSET.—Section 344 of the Communications Act of 1934, as added by subsection (a), shall be repealed on the day after the date on which the interagency working group established under subsection (b)(1) of that section submits the report to Congress under subsection (g) of that section.

SEC. 6403. TELECOMMUNICATIONS WORKFORCE GUIDANCE.

Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Labor, in partnership with the Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission, shall establish and issue guidance on how States can address the workforce needs and safety of the telecommunications industry, including guidance on how a State workforce development board established under section 101 of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3111) can—

(1) utilize Federal resources available to States to meet the workforce needs of the telecommunications industry;

(2) promote and improve recruitment in workforce development programs in the telecommunications industry; and

(3) ensure the safety of the telecommunications workforce, including tower climbers.

SEC. 6404. GAO ASSESSMENT OF WORKFORCE
NEEDS OF THE TELECOMMUNI-

(a) Definitions.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—

CATIONS INDUSTRY.

means—
(1) the Committee on Commerce, Science,

and Transportation of the Senate;
(2) the Committee on Health Education

Labor, and Pensions of the Senate;
(3) the Committee on Energy and Com-

(3) the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives; and
(4) the Committee on Education and Labor

of the House of Representatives.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that estimates the number of skilled telecommunications workers that will be required to build and maintain—

(1) broadband infrastructure in rural areas, including estimates based on—

(A) current need; and

(B) projected need, if Congress enacts legislation that accelerates broadband infrastructure construction in the United States; and

(2) the wireless infrastructure needed to support 5G wireless technology.

SA 1852. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1502 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill S. 1260, to establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science Foundation, to establish a regional technology hub program, to require a strategy and report on economic security, science, research, innovation, manufacturing, and job creation, to establish a critical supply chain resiliency program, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title I of division E, add the following:

SEC. 51___. NO INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERINGS FOR UNACCOUNTABLE ACTORS.

(a) Definitions.—In this section—

(1) the term "Board" means the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board;

(2) the term "Commission" means the Securities and Exchange Commission;

(3) the term "covered entity" means-

(A) an entity that is headquartered in, or otherwise controlled by an entity that is headquartered in, a foreign jurisdiction in which the Board is prevented from conducting a complete inspection or investigation of a registered public accounting firm under section 104 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7214) because of a position taken by an authority in that foreign jurisdiction, as determined by the Board; or

(B) an entity that-

(i) is headquartered in, or otherwise controlled by an entity that is headquartered in, a foreign jurisdiction; and

(ii) retains a registered public accounting firm described in section 104(i)(2)(A) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7214(i)(2)(A));

(4) the terms "exchange", "issuer", and "security" have the meanings given the terms in section 3(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)); and

(5) the term "national securities exchange" means an exchange registered as a national securities exchange under section 6 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78f).

(b) PROHIBITIONS REGARDING COVERED ENTITIES.—Beginning on the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act—

(1) the Commission shall prohibit the initial listing of the securities of a covered entity on a national securities exchange:

(2) if the securities of an issuer are listed on a national securities exchange and, as a result of a business combination, that issuer becomes a covered entity, the Commission shall prohibit the national securities exchange from continuing to list the securities of the issuer; and

(3) a covered entity may not register a security of the covered entity under section 12(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 781(b)).

SA 1853. Mr. CASEY (for himself, Mr. CORNYN, Ms. STABENOW, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. KAINE, and Mr. TILLIS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1502 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill S. 1260, to establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science